

HCIA-Datacom v1

Objectives

After completing the training, you will be able to:

- Understand the definition of data communication and the capability model of data communication engineers.
- Understand the network reference model and the entire data communication process.
- Be familiar with the VRP system and be able to perform basic operations.
- Understand IPv4 address protocol and related concepts
- Understand the forwarding principles of Layer 3 devices such as routers and Layer 3 switches.
- Understand the concept of routing and use static route or OSPF to build a Layer 3 network.
- Understand basic Ethernet concepts and describe the functions and working principles of Layer 2 switching devices.
- Be familiar with common Ethernet protocols, such as VLAN, Spanning Tree Protocol , link aggregation and stacking.
- Configure ACLs and AAA to provide basic security solutions for the network.
- Be familiar with the NAT protocol and master the NAT configuration in different scenarios.
- Master the configuration of common services on enterprise networks, such as DHCP, FTP and Telnet.
- Understand basic WLAN concepts and complete basic configurations of small or medium-sized WLAN networks.
- Understand basic WAN concepts and WAN solutions such as MPLS and SR.
- Have general knowledge of basic concepts of enterprise network management.
- Be familiar with traditional network management and SDN-based network management solutions.
- Have a good command of IPv6 protocols and be able to build small-scale IPv6 networks
- Have a good command of the campus network construction process. Be able to independently construct small-sized campus networks
- Understand the basic concepts of SDN and programming automation and master the basics of Python.

Target Audience

Engineers who need to master basic datacom knowledge and capabilities, and have capabilities in small- and medium-sized network planning and design, deployment implementation, and O&M optimization.

Prerequisites

None.

Training Content

1. Data Communication and Network Basics

1.1 Data Communication Network Basics

- Basic Concepts of Data Communication
- Data Transfer Process
- Network Devices and Basic Functions
- Network Type and Topology Type
- Network Engineering
- Network Engineers

1.2 Network Reference Model

- What is Data and Data Transfer
- Common Standard Protocols
- Layered Model Concept
- Application Layer and Related Protocols
- Transport Layer and Related Protocols
- Network Layer and Related Protocols
- Data link Layer and Related Protocols
- Physical Layer and Related Protocols
- Data Transfer, Encapsulation and Decapsulation

1.3 Huawei VRP Basics

- Common Network Devices
- VRP Basics
- CLI Command Views
- Basic Commands and Function Keys of the CLI

2. Constructing an Interconnected IP Network

2.1 Network Layer Protocol and IP Addressing

- Network Layer Protocol
- Concept, Classification, and Special IP Addresses of IPv4
- IP Network and IP Subnet Calculation
- IP Network Address Planning

2.2 IP Routing Basics

- Basic Working Principles of Routers
- Routing Table Concepts
- Routing and Forwarding Features
- Static Route Configuration

2.3 OSPF Basics

- Basic Features of OSPF
- OSPF Application Scenarios

Working Principle of OSPF

Basic OSPF configurations

3. Constructing an Ethernet Switching Network

3.1 Ethernet Switching Basics

Basic Concepts of Ethernet

Concept of MAC Address

Working Process and Principles of Layer 2 Switches

Composition and Formation of a MAC Address Table

3.2 VLAN Principles and Configuration

Background of VLAN

Basic Concepts and Principles of VLAN

VLAN Data Communication Process on a Layer 2 Network

Basic VLAN Configuration

3.3 Spanning Tree Protocol

Background of STP

Basic Concepts and Working Principles of STP

Basic Concepts of RSTP and Improvements Compared with STP

Basic STP Configuration

Other Layer 2 Loop Elimination Technologies

3.4 Ethernet Link Aggregation and Switch Stacking

Basic Concepts of Link Aggregation

Working Principles of Manual Link Aggregation

Working Principles and Features of Link Aggregation in LACP Mode

Basic Concepts of iStack and CSS

3.5 Implements Communication Between VLANs.

Working Principles of Sub-interfaces

Working Mechanism of Layer 3 Switches

Sub-interface Configuration

VLANIF Configuration

4. Network Security and Network Access Basics

4.1 ACL Principles and Configuration

Basic Principles and Functions of ACLs

Basic Structure and Matching Order of ACL Rules

Usage of Wildcard mask

Basic ACL Configuration

4.2 AAA Principles and Configuration

Basic Principles and Application Scenarios of AAA

Basic Configuration of the Local AAA

4.3 NAT Basics

Background of NAT

NAT Classification and Technical Principles

NAT Configuration in Different Scenarios

5. Network Services and Applications

5.1 Network Services and Applications

Principles of TFTP, FTP, DHCP, and HTTP

Configuration of FTP and DHCP

6. WLAN Basics

6.1 WLAN Overview

Basic Concepts of WLAN and History of 802.11 Protocol suite

WLAN devices

WLAN Networking Mode

WLAN Working Process

Basic WLAN Configuration

7. WAN Basics

7.1 WAN Technology Basics

Basic WAN Concepts

Common WAN Technologies

Working Principles of PPP and PPPoE

Configuring PPP and PPPoE

Basic Concepts of MPLS/SR

8. Network Management and O&M

8.1 Network Management and O&M

Basic Concepts of the NMS and O&M

Common NMS and O&M Methods and Tools

Working Principle of SNMP

SDN-based NMS and O&M Solution

9. IPv6 Basics

9.1 IPv6 Basics

Comparison Between IPv6 and IPv4

Basic Concepts of IPv6

Format and Principle of the IPv6 Packet Header

IPv6 Address Format and Address Type

IPv6 Address Configuration Method and Procedure

Static and Dynamic IPv6 Address Configuration

IPv6 Static Route Configuration

10. SDN and Automation Basics

10.1 SDN and NFV Basics

Basic SDN Concepts

Huawei SDN Products and Solutions

Basic NFV Concepts

Huawei NFV Products and Solutions

10.2 Network Programming and Automation

Traditional Network O&M Status Analysis

Implementation of Network Automation

Programming Language

Python Coding Specifications

Implement Basic Automatic O&M Using Python telnetlib.

11. Typical Campus Network Architectures and Practices

11.1 Typical Networking Architecture and Cases

Campus Network Architecture

Campus Network Lifecycle

Campus Network Construction Cases

Campus Network Construction Practice